TWO CENTS.

THE UNLUCKY TEXAS

Another Mishap to the Unfortunate Battle Ship.

WATER FILLS BOTH THE ENGINE ROOMS

Lying in the Mud at the Brooklyn Navy Yard.

COMMODORE SICARD'S REPORT

NEW YORK, November 9.-The United States battle ship Texas, to which a number of accidents have occurred since she was launched, lies alongside the Cob dock in the Brooklyn navy, yard submerged about five feet above her water line.

Early today the main injection valve on the starboard side near the midship line and about fourteen feet below the water line was shoved in from the force of the water, and the engine rooms were quickly flooded with dirty, black, muddy water. The ship soon began to settle, and Captain Glass, who is in command of the Texas, called the officers and crew to quarters and did everything possible to minimize the ship's injuries. At the time the accident occurred there was only about two feet of water under the ship, and she soon rest-ed on the muddy bottom. This was at low water, but at high water this forenoon there were between five and six feet of water above the line at the stern and about

eighteen inches less at her bow. Wrecking tugs were immediately summoned and three of them were soon along-side pumping the water out of her engine and boiler room, while a diver was sent down to ascertain the extent of the cam-

Captain Glass, Lieutenant Keffy and Engineer Moore, as well as all the other offi-cers of the ship, could not be induced to talk about the accident, and all inquires were referred to Commodore Sicard, com-mandant of the yard. The commodore

"I know very little, as yet, about the accident, but you can see for yourself how the ship lies. She is resting easily on a middy bottom and we have no apprehension of any further damage to her. The principal damage which she will sustain will be from the dirty water which will temporarily injure the engines and machinery. We cannot estimate the amount of damage nor the exact cause of the aceident until the giver makes his report, and possibly not until the ship is raised. She will come up easily, as soon as the leak is stopped."

The Texas has been followed by a series

of accidents since her launching. At that time she had a serious list to starboard, the keel on which she was laid being uneven. On her speed trial trip a breakage in the machinery necessitated a postponement, and while entering Newport, R. I., harbor recently she was aground for a few hours. While in dry dock at the Brooklyn navy yard she sustained a se-vere strain, several plates being bent. Norfolk yard a few months ago. Texas was built at Norfolk by the govern-

Commodore Steard's Report.

The first official news of the latest mishap to the battle ship Texas was received at the Navy Department over the telephone from New York. Commodore Steard, the commandant of the New York navy yard. was called to the instrument and made a verbal report of the affair. He said the Texas was now lying in twenty feet of water. Both of her engine rooms are filled with water. The accident was caused by the bursting of the starboard main injection valve, as near as he can discover. The Chapman Wrecking Company's tugs are now lying alongside. The ship is lying easily in the mud alongside of the Cob dock, just astern of the Vermont. No. 2 dry dock is being prepared to receive the Texas as soon as she can be floated.

The accident was probably due t breaking of the yoke which holds down the starboard main injection valve, whereby the valve admitted water to the ship section of the valve was being removed

for repairs. The accident happened at 6 o'clock this morning. Extensive Damage.

The commandant promised to make a more complete report during the day, and In the absence of the details the officials of the Navy Department cannot estimate the full damage. It will, however, they say, be extensive as even if the water is speedily removed, the machinery will have been more or less injured, the paint work spoiled, and many valuable stores ruined. Besides there may be some difficulty ex perienced in getting the Texas into the dry dock, unless it is possible to pump her entirely dry first, as otherwise she is likely to draw too much water to get over the sill without removing her battery and other heavy weights.

Ill-Luck of the Texas.

The 'll-luck that seems to pursue the vessel is a subject of general remark at the department, and they run over a really formidable list of mishaps that have been experienced by the ship, dating back even before her launch, including lightning strokes, defects in original design, bilging in dry dock, running aground, and so on is probable that no one of the personnel of the ship is involved in this last accident yard people to undergo repairs, including this very valve, which had shown signs of failure. Of course, an official inquiry will be made to fix the responsibility for the swamping of the vessel, and if carelessness is shown a court-martial will follow. This afternoon Secretary Herbert order a court of inquiry to meet at New

York next Wednesday to investigate the case of the battleship Texas.

APPEAL FROM ARMENIANS.

They Trust President McKinley Will Do His Utmost for Them. SAN FRANCISCO, November 9.-The fol-

lowing telegram has been sent to Major "Hon, William McKinley, Canton, Ohio:

"The Armenian citizens of California send their heartfelt congratulations for your election, and trust you will do your utmost in behalf of their helpless nation, the people of which are suffering for their faith. (Signed)

"J. M. SEROPIN,
"Freene Committee "Fresno Committee. "PAUL OURAFALIAN,
"San Francisco Committee."

There are about 600 Armenians in Cali-fornia, and they have all taken great in-

terest in the election.

Sick Man Arrested. SAN FRANCISCO, November 9 .- E. T. Case, an attorney, was arrested late Sat-

urday night for apparent drunkenness, and locked up in the California street station. As his stuper increased, however, the officers ordered his removal to the receiving hespital. He died of cerebral apoplexy soon afterward. Case was formerly a judge in

the eastern states. California Women Elated. SAN FRANCISCO Cal., November 9.-The women who fought so well for the right of suffrage in California are highly elated at the great vote polled for them. Incomplete returns from all counties show that the suffrage amendment received in

round numbers 90,000 votes, while 95,000 were cast against it.

No. 13,631.

He Foresaw What the Democracy Would Do at Chicago.

Said No Party Could Carry the Coun-· try on a 16 to 1 Platform.

A friend of Senator Hill, in conversation with a representative of The Star today, related an interesting story of Mr. Hill's powers of keen observation and his ability to forecast results.

"A few days before Congress adjourned last June," said this friend, "I called at the Capitol to bid Mr. Hill good-bye. An impertant campaign was about to open, and it seemed likely that he would play an important part in it. I wanted to get his view of matters. He came out into the marble room in answer to my card, and, having a little leisure, talked for some time about the political situation. He spoke without bitterness or personal criticism, and summied up things as a judge on the bench might have done. "You are going as a delegate to Chicago?" I asked.

"Yes,' he replied. 'My people want me to go, and I am always at their service. But I am very much afraid that I, in company with other eastern men, will be powerless there'

"'Do things seem settled so far in advance? "'It is merely a question of the carrying out of the program of the southern and western and middle states men. They now openly declare their ability and intention to write a platform for free coinage of silver at 16 to 1 as an independent act of this country. If they do that the fight is lost.' No Party Could Carry on a 16 to 1

"'You think it would be impossible for the democracy to carry the country on that platform?"

" 'It would be impossible for any party to do so. No party can carry this country in antagonism to the business interests of the country. The business interests everywhere will oppose that platform if written. The great business centers will roll up unprecedented majorities against it. All of the eastern and middle states, and very likely some of the border southern states, will be found the day after election in the re-publican column. Maryland, Delaware. West Virginia and Kentucky, which border on republican strongholds, and are making rapid progress in a business way, will necessarily be stoutly fought for by the friends of sound money. I think the silver men in the democratic party are blind to the party's best interests, and I have tried both in open debate in the Senate and elsewhere to convince them of the fact. But I do not disguise from myself the fact that, so far, I have failed to do so. If they carry everything before them at Chicago, as they assure us now that they intend to do, many men will be driven away from the ticket, and many others disabled during the campaign. Their drift is toward populism, and whatever of populism is taken on will be that much of a load for democracy

No Candidates Mentioned.

didates?" "Not a word. I didn't bring the subject up. At that time, however, Mr. Bryan was not at all prominent in the speculation. Mr. Teller and Mr. Bland were, and there was an impression that one or the other would be nominated. Mr. Hill talked at some length, but confined his remarks to the principles at stake. I made a close note of his remarks, because I valued his judgnent about such things, and he spoke with such earnestness. It would not have been proper, of course, for me to have repeated this conversation at the time, or at any time during the campaign, but it is not im-proper now. The fight is over, and as the decision has been rendered as Mr. Hill said it would be, the prophet should be known in his own country. His 'calling the turn' on the four border southern states that actually did go for sound money was an unusual exhibition of long head and clear vision.

LABOR RIOTERS PARDONED.

The President's Indorsement on the Application.

The President has pardoned W. H. Clune, Isaac Ross and Phillip Stanwood of Califernia, sentenced December 6, 1894, to pay a fine of \$1 and to be confined in Los Angeles county jail eighteen months, for conspiracy in violation of section 5440, Revised Statutes. The offense was committed in the railway riots at that time general

The President wrote the following in-dorsement on the application: "These con-victs have suffered more than nine months' imprisonments under their sentences. I am bound to assume that they were guilty of an offense most dangerous in its character and in the commission of which they aided and encouraged an unlawful defiance of authority which threatened the most distressing consequences. I am convinced, however, that these men are not criminals, but laboring men swept into a violation of law by first yielding to the counsels of diorder. Others besides themselves are suffering humiliation and deprivation on account of their wrongdoing, and I am led o believe that the purposes of punishment so far as the effect on the prisoners is concerned have been fully accomplished. I am also convinced that the imprisonment already suffered by these prisoners will be ample warning to the thousands equally guilty, though unpunished, and to those who may be hereafter tempted, that the laws enacted to secure peace and order must be obeyed."

Personal Mention.

Lieutenant Albert Todd, 1st Artillery, is at 2030 P street, on leave of absence. Lieutenant W. A. Holbrook, 7th Cavalry. is spending his leave with friends at the

Soldiers' Home. Lieutenant Commander Garst of Newark is at 2025 Columbia road for a few Mr. H. W. Van Senden, private secretary

to Secretary Carlisle, has returned from a visit to Kentucky.

Director Preston of the mint bureau has gone to Philadelphia. gone to Philadelphia.

Colonel Dangerfield Parker, retired, has taken up his residence at 2021 Hillyer place

for the winter. Captain E. Rice, 5th Infantry, is in the city for a few days. Judge Bowler, controller of the treasury, has returned from Cincinnati, where he went to vote.

Assistant Secretary Doe, who has been laid up with a severe cold for several days, was able to resume his official duties at W. T. Crump, accompanied by A. W. W. T. Crump, accompanied by A. W. Reynolds of Washington, D. C., called on his old comrade, Major McKinley, at Canton, Ohio, Thursday and had a very pleas-

ant visit with him Mr. C. B. Church left today for his ice fields in Maine.

fields in Maine.

The President has appointed Lucas P.

Loving a notary public for the District of

Capt. Evans Wants Sea Duty. Capt. R. D. Evans, commanding the hattle ship Indiana, had an interview with Secretary Herbert at the Navy Department today. It has been generally supposed that Captain Evans was to be ordered to duty in this city as a member of the lighthouse in this city as a memoer of the lighthouse board. It now appears, however, that he does not wish the assignment, preferring to continue in command of the big battle ship, notwithstanding he has already served

more than two years at sea.

HILL AS A PROPHET FIGHT ON SILVER

It is to Be Continued by the Republican National Committee.

BUSINESS MEN TO GIVE THEIR AID

Both Sides to Watch Each Other in the Senate.

LOOKING TO 1900

Chairman Mark Hanna's announced de termination to maintain the national republican committee as a permanent institution and to continue the war on free silver without cessation, mears a great deal. It means that he and the business men of the country do not care to go through another scare like the one of a few weeks ago; that they do not want another stagnation of affairs to come in the midst of prosperity. To prevent these disasters and interruptions to business, the business men of the country have agreed with Mr. Hanna that the best thing to be done is to crush the idea of free silver further into the ground than now and not to give it a chance to raise its head two or four years from now. That it would interpose again there is no doubt. With these ideas in view Mr. Hanna will be furnished the money to continue the fight on the white metal, the hope be ing that he can effectually stamp out fur-ther agitation before the next presidential contest.

Shrewd politicians see the hand of a mas ter politician in Mr. Hanna's move. No campaign in the history of this country has ended like this one, unless it may have been the campaigns against slavery which preceded the election of Lincoln. The ablest politicians do not believe that th death blow to the financial views of th democrats was given in the election just closed. They pay no attention to the re-peated assertions that the "free silver craze" is dead. Those same assertions were made as far back as 1874, but the craze has broken out at inopportune times ever since and has apparently progressed in strength. They know that the agitation is going to continue, and that the only way
to finally kill it off is to keep up the work
of education, and keep the people of the
country lined up against it at all times.
This is what Mr. Hanna is preparing to do. and those who know him and his methods predict that he will not stop his labors until the question of free silver ceases to be an issue of the parties of the country and ceases to interest anybody.

The prediction is made that the "good

times" which have started since the elec-tion of McKinley, and which, it is believed, will become better under a republican ad-ministration, will put a quietus on silver and its advocates, but those who can see ahead into the difficulties which the new President will have to encounter, and which he must surmount, do not wish to trust wholly to this revival of business. The progress and perpetuity of good times, it is argued, will depend on the passage of laws which meet the views of the Presidentelect and his party. The doubtful com-plexion of the United States Senate leaves matters in shape that may or may not prove beneficial. A hundred things may take place to complicate matters, and to again give free silver a new lease of life, such a plan as Mr. Hanna has adopted is carried out. He sees a long ways ahead, and he does not undervalue the situations which may arise. He does not propose to take any chances, and in this the business world will look upon him with more admiration than ever.

The Cry of 1900.

On all sides the silver men, headed by their most brilliant champion, Mr. Bryan, send up the cry of "wait until 1900." They predict dire things as the result of the Mc-Kinley administration, and have already begun the work of trying to handican him. They will not only indulge in talk of this kind, but they will continue their national committees and their various bimetallic or-ganizations. With the means they have at hand they will send out as much literature as possible during the next four years. They are even now beginning preparations for an attempt to capture the House in 1898. Their speakers will be encouraged to doctrines on all occasions. Even Mr. Bryan has said that he proposes to devote his time for the next four years to preaching the doctrine of bimetallism. Senator Jones, Senator Butler, and all the democratic and populist Senators and Representatives will, it is said on good authority, keep up the fight from Washing-ton. So will the bimetallic unions and leagues throughout the country. The republicans admit that for a time they were at a serious disadvantage because they did not begin the education of their forces Little dreaming that silver would become the issue this year, the republican leaders made no attempt to meet the danger. While they were looking into other questions the silver men had been at work for four years or more. They had been sending out bimetallic literature from various headquarters. In that way they got the jump on their appears and it is got the jump on their opponents, and it is now admitted that nothing but the prompt and energetic work of Chairman Hanna and Chairman Babcock saved the They quickly pitted knowledge against knowledge, and did it so fast and positively that their opponents were dazed. Hanna realizes that this same work of the silver men will continue. They may not have the means he possesses, but they will do all in their power.

The Game in the Senate. The man who sits contentedly down and says silver is done for has not looked into anything. He puts a light estimate upon the men in the Senate who have vowed to support silver to the last ditch. This is a phase of the situation to which little study has been given. The prospects are fair that the course of the situation to which little study has been given. that the sound money men will control the Senate after March next, but their majority will not be large, if it should be a majority at all. The minority is made up of strong, able men-legislators who have as much experience as these who have as much experience as those on the other side. Teller, Morgan and Vest, it is cited, are matches for the brightest men on the other side. The political student sees that these men are not going to fold their hands in men are not going to fold their hands in the Senate. It is certain that from the beginning of the first or extra session of the next Congress these men, backed by a solid following, will begin the struggle of their lives for mastery in politics. The greatest game of politics ever played in the Senate of the United States is on. Every move to be made, and which must be met by the republicans, will be in the interest of silver. If it does not take the shape of bills for If it does not take the shape of bills for silver remonetization, it will come in other orms. It will be a continual play to reflect upon the administration and to strengthen the cause of the white metal. Nothing will be left undore. The silver men will meet often and caucus over the developments of the situation. They will act practically as a unit It will be peculiar if there is any divergence of roads for the various silver elements now. They are bound by a compact which they cannot part. They may differ on the issue of the tariff, but it is believed that this difference will not be great. The southern men are going to give their western brethren a great deal of what their western of the way of protection to they want in the way of protection to western interests and industries. They will western interests and industries. They will not fall out over these things. So the op-posing side will stand solidly together, and the contest will wage fierce and hot for four years.

Politics in Nearly Every Question. These shrewd plays will be made on each side for even the most insignificant things. The main stake will be the presidency in

1900, but there will be plenty of side plays having for their object the election of United States Senators in various states in 1808, together with the election of members

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of the House at the same time.

In the lower branch of Congress there will be the same effort at crippling the other side. The republican majority there, however, is safe enough to insure whatever legislation is desired.

It is therefore contended that it will not

be wise for the business men and the republican party to depend wholly upon its legislative and executive departments to keep the silver question under foot; and that the aid of Mr. Hanna and the national committee is needey. They will not only be able to continue the education of the country on money matters, but they will be able to back up the administration of McKinley in numerous ways. The business men will in numerous ways. The business men will be able to relax the fight they had started, and give attention to their business affairs, feeling that their interests are safe in the hands of Mr. Hanna and his co-workers. and with a degree of assurance that they will not be disturbed by the nightmare which hovered over them so long.

VICE CHAIRMAN APSLEY

Period of Prosperity Under McKinley's Administration Predicted.

Evidences of Confidence in the Future Pointed Out-An Extra Session Expected.

Vice Chairman Arsley of the republican engressional committee has returned to the city and until the meeting of Congress will be at the headquarters of the committee at the Normandie every day to attend to such work as may come before tim. Representative Mercer of Nebraska will also continue his work with the committee, Chairman Babcock having gone to his home in Wisconsin, where he will remain until December.

Mr. Apsley met with an accident while at his home in Massachusetts. He had called on a friend at one of the large factories there and while in the building the electric lights were put out. As he pro-ceeded to descend the staircase in the dark he lost his footing and tell heavily, landing on his back, which still pains him as a re-sult of the shock. No serious results are feared, and in a few days he expects to have no further inconvenience from his accident. Mr. Apsley looks forward to a period of prosperity during the McKinley administration, which, he predicts, will be one of the most popular that has ever been given the American people. Speak-ing to a Star reporter today of the future of the republican party Mr. Apsley said:

Evidences of Confidence.

"During my trip from Massachusetts to Washington I saw many evidences of condence in the future. Business men are taking new hope in the future, and I feel sure that from new on we will see a steady and substantial revival of business. Of ourse, we do not look for a miracle, but I to expect to see things improve daily. Me-Kinley's administration will be a popular one. There will be a very friendly feeling between both ends of the avenue. He likes the people, and he will not shut himself up "Do you look forward to an extra session of Congress for a revision of the tariff?"

Mr. Apsiev was asked. believe that Mr. McKinley will call an extra session. I do not see how it can be avoided. Sufficient revenue must be raised to carry on this government, and the only way to get it is to secure more in-come through the tariff. I think it may prove a good thing to take up the Dingley bill as soon as Congress meets."

Silver Men Will Not Oppose It. "Do you think it will be possible to get a tariff bill through the Senate without making concessions to the silver men Will not those republicans who bolted the St. Louis convention stand out against any legislation that does not recognize

silver?" "I do not believe they will. I believe the tremendous popular majority of one million given Mr. McKinley will have some in-nuence with them. In 1894 and again this year the American people were heard from very decidedly on the subject of the tariff, and their voice will have influence or Congress. They have given a tremendous popular majority in favor of the tariff and

their wishes will be respected. "Mr. McKinley is heart and soul in earnest about opening the factories of the country, and I believe he means every word he has said about getting our factories started up. I believe Congress will work in harmony with him to secure tariff legislation." "Do you think there will be any more bond issues during the present administra-

tion?" "I don't think there will be any necessity for bond issues; surely there will be no such issues to replenish the gold reserve. The gold is coming out of its hiding places and put into circulation, and there is a feel ing of confidence among the business men of the country in the future."

The Pacific Coast

Mr. Apsley is feeling very comfortable over the fact that his party carried Callfornia and other western as well as southern states. Mr. Apsley's visit to the Pacific ccast was an innovation in the methods of the congressional committee, which in the past had not sent a representative into the far west to consult with local lead ers regarding the situation and to offer help in carrying states in that section. In the past it has done its work on the Pacific coast at long range, through the medium of the telegraph and the mail. Mr. Apsley believes there are other western and south-ern states that can be brought into the republican ranks later on.

THE FINAL SCENE.

A Fire of Circulars and Unused Documents at Democratic Headquarters. The final scene of the campaign as waged by the democratic congressional committee was enacted today in the committee's headquarters at the Wormley Hotel annex. It was a cold scene and was not a very jubilant one. Desks were being "toted" here and there on the backs of stalwart colored men and furniture was being taken out of the building. While this busy scene was on Secretary Gardner was emptying his secret lockers of stacks of unused circulars and now-useless documents of various kinds, which were used to keep a roaring opengrate fire in the back room, where loyal democrats took refuge from the keen, cool air of the other parts of the building About this fire gathered Mr. Gardner, Gen. Walker, Mr. Kalbfus and others; warmed their shins and offered for their mutual benefit explanations of how it happened. Every now and then additional paper Every now and then additional paper fuel was added to the faming pile already sending a lurid glare over the little as-sembly. Not until the paper gave out and the cold air crept uncomfortably about the company did the democratic congres-sional committee desert their old quarters, sional committee desert their old quarters, and then they said good-bye to the scene of their hopes and disappointments and separated to meet again in the Hutchins building, where the officers of the Association of Democratic Clubs will have their quarters and get ready for the congressional elections of 1898.

Consuls Recognized. The President has recognized Oscar Klocker as Chilean vice consul at Port Townsend and Sadazuchi Uchida as Jap-anese consul at New York.

Senator Sherman Likely to Be the Secretary of State.

OTHERS SUGGESTED IF HE DECLINES

The States to Be Selected for Representation.

SOME NAMES MENTIONED

If he will accept it, Senator John Sherman is likely to be Mr. McKinley's Secre-

It may be stated with positiveness that the secretaryship of the treasury will not go to New York, nor to any eastern state. The Secretary of the Navy is expected to come from Pennsylvania. A strong pull is being made for Depew for Secretary of State, and he might get it if Sherman declined. The friends of C. N. Bliss are putting in a rival claim for a cabinet posi-

It is almost certain that a gold democrat will be put in the cabinet. W. Bourke Cockran will probably be given a place. The chances are against New England getting a cabinet place, though there are centingencies that might possibly decide in their favor one place.

States to Be Represented.

The selections are now expected to be made from among the following states: New York, California, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Wisconsin and Illinois and Missouri. In Pennsylvania the choice lies between Harmer and Quay. If Quay is selected, it will be expected that Harmer will succeed him in the Senate, or, failing in that, he will be given a first-class foreign appointment.

appointment.

If Wisconsin gets a place, it will probably go to Henry C. Payne. In fact, it is on account of him that Wisconsin is put in the list. The Department of Agriculture will probably go to Indiana. The name of Chairman Gowdy is mentioned in this connection, but it is said that there is another man who may get it. Chas. T. Davis of the national executive

committee is expected to go into the cabi et from Illinois. Mr. Hanna could have any place in the cabinet he would accept, but it is regarded as absolutely sure that he will not accept anything. The plan is to have a western man as Secretary of the Treasury.

Many Names Mentioned.

A great number of names are mentioned in connection with the cabinet, where the mention is merely complimentary or on account of the conspicuous character of the men suggested.

Among these are Thomas B. Reed of Maine for Secretary of State, H. H. Kohl-saat of Illinois for anything, James A. Gray of Baltimore for Postmaster General Whitelaw Reid, Secretary of State; John S. Wise, Virginia, Attorney General; W. O. Bradley of Kentucky for Postmaster General, Gen. Alger for Secretary of War, Representative Babcock of Wisconsin and Na-than Frank of Missouri for some place not suggested.

THE AFFAIRS OF CUBA.

No Foundation for the Story as to Ex-Consul General Williams. The State Department officials say that the story published today to the effect that

Mr. Ramon Williams, ex-United States consul general to Cuba, was sent to Spain as a secret agent of the government to endeavor to secure the consent of the Spanish government to a project to sell the Island of Cuba to the insurgents, the United States to guarantee the bonds to be issued in payment therefore, is a pure invention. Mr. Williams has no connection with the State Department either open or secret. There is also said to be a lack of foundation for the story that the Spanish minister has notified the President that if the Spanish troops were unable to subdue the insurrection within sixty days the island would be abandoned by Consul General Lee left Washington Saturday evening for Charlottesville,

where Mrs. Lee is now stopping, and his children are at school. There has been much speculation as to the nature . facts reported to the President and Secretary Olney by Gen. Lee, but it is safe to say that most of it is without basis in fact. Gen. Lee himself, when approached on the subject, stated that from the Lature of his office he was absolutely precluded from saying what passed and that informa-tion on that point must be sought from the President or Secretary Olney ally neither of the latter cared to make any statement, so that Gen, Lee's verbal reports are so far a profound secret, out-side of the three persons concerned—the President, Secretary Olney and the general nimself. It is not known just now long he will remain in Virginia, but he has some matters of personal business to engage his attention that will occupy him a week or two and perhaps longer there, and it is presumed he will call again upon the officials here before he returns to his post at Havana.

THE VENEZUELAN AFFAIR.

Interesting Developments Looked for

in the Next Few Weeks. Interesting developments are looked for in the Venezuelan affair within the next few weeks. The diplomatic representatives of Venezuela in this city are said to be very hopeful of a satisfactory conclusion of the negotiations between the United States and Great Britain looking to a settlement of the troublesome boundary dispute by arbitration. There is a general feeling that the issue will be adjusted in a peaceful manner, and that the judgment will be mainly favorable to the claims of Venezuela. One of the members of the Venezuelan boundary commission is quoted as saying that the report of the commission is not yet completed, and as intimating that its conclusions on the general question of the divisional line will be made known shortly, but whether he meant in advance of the submission of the report to Congress

A rumor has gained considerable cur Britain will agree to a settlement of this question will be made public before the report of the commission, but no one in authority here can be found to confirm this of the under secretaries for the British colonies that the Venezuelan question would be settled before the meeting of parliament in January is thought to confirm the assumption that Great Britain is pre-

TO BE RECALLED.

paring to make her position known.

Report Today Regarding Spanish Minister. It is reported in a manner to compel be

lief that Signor Dupuy De Lome, the Spanish minister, is about to be recalled. He will be succeeded immediately, and it is insisted that his recall has nothing to do with the Cuban matter. No change of policy is expected on the part of Mr. Cleve-land's administration as to Cuba.

To Be Taken Up Ahead of the Tariff by the Next Congress.

An Attempt to Be Made to Get Up the Dingley Bill This

Winter.

It may be accepted as practically assured that the financial question will be taken up ahead of the tariff by the Fifty-fifth Congress. An attempt will be made to get the Dingley revenue bill through the Senate at this session, and if the attempt succeeds, Mr. Cleveland will sign the bill. An extra session of the Fifty-fifth Congress will be assembled as soon as possible after Mr. McKinley enters the White House. The first thing to be taken up at this special session will be a preliminary adjustment of the financial question, and in this adjustment silver will be made use of. The probable plan will be to start with the gradual retirement of the greenback. These greenbacks, it is thought, may be redeemed in gold, without the issuance of bonds, the retirement being gradual. It is not con-templated that at this time there will be templated that at this time there will be any expansion of the bank note currency, but as far as it can be accomplished with safety, instead of the reissue of green-backs after redemption will be replaced by the issuance of silver obtained by a limited purchase. The extent to which this use of silver is gone into will depend upon the prospects at the time of international bimetallism.

This temporary expedient will probably be coupled with a provision for a monetary commission of a permanent character, who will be authorized to work toward the end of an international agreement until something is accomplished. The commissions heretofore have been appointed to attend some particular conference, and their ef-forts have ended with the failure of that conference. This, in a general way, out-lines the plan that is expected to be fol-lowed.

The tariff question is to be taken up next in order. It is not intended, as many think probable, that there will be any effort made to patch up the Wilson-Gor-man bill. The purpose will be to make an entirely new tariff bill, drawn on strictly protection lines. This bill will be drawn with the deliberation necessary to the production of a scientific measure. The hope will be entertained that pending the adoption of this measure such progress will be made in negotiations as to insure an international agreement on the coinage question, and this may influence the action on the tariff in some particulars.

THE SHERMAN STATUE.

the Contract.

A meeting of the Sherman statue commission was held in the office of the Secretary contract for the making and erection of the Dauntiess. The steamer, with Capt. John Meyers on board, then headed souththe statue designed by Mr. Carl Robl-Smith of Chicago, the successful compeditor. The commission consists of Secretary Lamont, Maj. Gen. Miles, ex-officio, and hardly gotten inside when a revenue cutter seized the Three Friends on a charge of the executive committee of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee.

At the instance of the Secretary of War Colonel Wilson, in charge of public buildings and grounds, drew up a form of contract and specifications, and that officer was called into consultation today during the consideration of the subject. minor changes were made in the specifica-tions to suit the views of the different members of the commission, and it is likely the contract will be formally executed in a short time.

Mr. Smith, the sculptor, is in the city, but was not present at today's meeting of the commission. The site selected for this statue is on the public reservation directly south of the Treasury Department, on the ground now occupied by the photographic gallery of that department.

STREET EXTENSION CASES.

Hearing Advanced to the 7th of December. The date previously set by the United States Supreme Court for the hearing of the street extension cases of the District, the 3d Monday in January, was deemed

too late, in view of the important interests

at stake, and a conference was recently held between all parties at issue with a view to agreeing upon a plan for an effort to advance the hearing. In accordance with the action thus take Mr. Nathaniel Wilson, one of the attorneys in the case, addressed the Supreme Court today in a petition for an advancement of the cause over the date already set. petition was favorably received, and Chief Justice Fuller announced that the hearing would be given December 7, after the cases

already set for that day should be heard. BROKE THE RECORD.

New Figure Attnined by Wheat This Morning.

CHICAGO, November 9.-Wheat broke the record for the season this morning, by selling at 80 1-8, December, two cents over Saturday's close. The advance was not attended by any great degree of excitement. A few open orders, to take profit on long stuff at even figures, brought only a temporary set-back. Outside markets were particularly strong. The visitle showed an increase of only 1,243,000 bushels; threatened crop damage in Argentine; doleful rumors of unsatisfactory fall seeding in Russia and France, and large seaboard clearances were the chief factors which contributed to the success of the bulls oats and provisions participated in the advance proportionately.

SOLD EXAMINATION QUESTIONS. Police Force Applicants Paid \$300

Each for the List. NEW YORK, November 9 .- Frauds in the examination of applicants for positions on the police force of this city are alleged to therefore, they fired upon the mob, killing have been discovered which may affect four men and wounding six. persons connected with the civil service branch of the department. For some months past it had been noted that men below the average of intelligence had successfully passed the examination, while others, their superiors in education, had the crops, says: failed to obtain the required percentage in rating. The fact led to an investigation, which showed that many of those taking the examinations were supplied beforehand with a list of the questions to be asked them. They are said to have paid \$300 each for this list.

How the person who did the "coaching" secured a copy of the list of questions is not known, but it is thought he procured it from an employe of the printing where the list was put in type. No arrest has been made.

False Report of a Wreck. DETROIT, Mich., November 9.-C. A

Chamberlain, owner of the schooner So nors which has been reported as wrecked in Lake Erie, has repeatedly asserted that the vessel has been lying at Tonawanda unloading lumber. He stated today that he sent a dispatch to the captain at Tonawanda, ordering the vessel to proceed to Buffalo, and that apparently the message was delivered, as he has received no notice

THE FINANCIAL QUESTION WEYLER TO COMMAND

If you want today's

news today you can find

it only in The Star.

The Captain General to Take the Field in Person.

SEES THE NEED OF VIGOROUS ACTION

Reinforcements to Be Promptly Supplied.

DAUNTLESS SAILS FOR CUBA

HAVANA, November 9.-Captain General Weyler has taken the field in person against the insurgents under Antonio Maceo in the province of Pinar Del Rio, and reliable news received from the front indicates that the Spanish columns are ap-

proaching close to the enemy. General Weyler left Havana on board the ruiser Legazhy half an hour after midnight, his destination being the Port of Mariel, province of Pinar Del Rio. From Mariel, it is understood, the captain general will go southward by the highway to the town of Artemisa and along the line of the trocha. Strong reinforcements are being embarked to support the captain general in the operations now in progress against the insurgents.

The Marquis De Ahumada remains in charge of the captain general's office here, with Col. Ramon Dominguez as his chief of staff. The committee of the national defense has passed a resolution requesting the gov-ernment to finish the rebellion by the use of the army and without political inter-

MADRID, November 9.-The report that Gen. Weyler is to be replaced as captain general of the Island of Cuba is untrue.

AGAIN OFF FOR CUBA. Dauntless Londed With Arms and Ammunition.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., November 9.-The steamer Dauntless, which has already landed three expeditions in Cuba, is off again with a large cargo of arms, ammunition, medicives and supplies for the insurgents. The Dauntless was released from custody Saturday morning by the collector of customs of Fernandina. She at once took on a supply of coal, but not enough to attract attention of the revenue officials. She then went down Nassau sound, where Meeting of the Commission to Perfect | she lay to until sundown. Three yawl boats, manned by seven Cubans each, and towing two flat boats, boarded the Dauntless at 6 o'clock. The Three Friends and Kate of War today for the purpose of complet- Spencer joined the Dauntless, and a number ing arrangements for the perfection of the of boxes and packages were transferred to

aiding an expedition against Spain. Lieut. Hildritch of the Boutwell was placed on board and the vessel brought to Jackson-

This expedition is the most daring of any yet undertaken, as the Windom, Boutwell and Colfax have been stationed in the St. John's river to prevent any expeditions leaving, and the Raleigh arrived off St. bar last night from Key West to

watch filibusters. THE BOOM IN BUSINESS.

Running Overtime in Order to Fill the Orders.

ERISTOL, Conn., November 9.-A business revival is felt here, and the most notable instance in it is found at the works of the Bristol Brass and Clock Company. Beginning tonight the factory will run overtime. This course is necessary to all orders which have been received.

MANCHESTER, Conn., November 9 .-

The big silk mills of Cheney Brothers be-

gan a full-time schedule today. The works have been running at a reduced time for more than three years. The change affects 2,500 employes. CINCINNATI, Ohio, November 9.—A Times-Star special from Piqua, Ohio, says the corrugating works, the rolling mill, the

seed mills started today, giving employment to 500 men. The American straw board works will start as soon as repairs are made

SEDALIA, Mo., November 9.-After work-

ing one-half a force on one-half time for several months past, the Missouri Pacific

shops here today put a full force of men to work on full time.

WANT A RECOUNT. Republican Candidates Charge Fraud

in Jersey City. JERSEY CITY, N. J., November 9 .- An application was made to Supreme Court Judge Lippincott in this city today by Peter F. Wanser, the defeated republican candidate for surrogate, and Aaron S. Baldwin. the defeated republican candidate for sheriff, for a recount of the vote cast at the election on Tuesday last, and was granted. Although the county went republican by about 3,500, two democrats, Wm. Heller and James T. Lillis, candidates for sheriff and surrogate, respectively, were elected by about 1,500 each. Fraud is alleged. The recount has been set for Thurs-

day, November 12. FIGHTING FOR FOOD.

Men Driven Desperate by the Famine

BOMBAY, November 9 .- Serious rioting occurred yesterday at Sholapur. A band of 5,000 men looted 1,500 bags of grain. The efforts of the police were of no avail, and,

A further outbreak is feared, as Sholapur is one of the worst famine tracts of this vicinity.

LONDON, November 9.-The Mark Lane Express, in the course of a long article on

"The deficiency in India is now known to be very serious, but it is not likely that any large wheat imports will occur. Although prices only range from 26s, to 30s, per quarter, the extreme poverty of the India populace renders anything over 31s. almost prohibitory, and 15s. to 25s. is the

usual range.
"Owing to the failure in India and Aastralia, a deficiency of 2,033,500 quarters has been created in Great Britain's usual supply, which must be made sources, and is a change in the situation which itself is sufficient to uphold the re cent rise.
"The quantities of wheat in passage to

amounts to 400,000 quarters, North American 300,000, South American 100,000, Callfornian 1,220,000, and elsewhere 25,000 quar-"The spring corn trade has been dull for maize, the supply of which is larger than even a good retail demand can easily as-similate, while the large new crop in Amer-

the united kingdom on November 7 were 2,045,000 quarters, of which Russian wheat

ica discourages any idea of speculative